**Day 2: Mapping Question**

1. Much of the farmland in Africa is used for *subsistence farming*. What does *subsistence farming* mean and how is it different from *commercial farming*?
   * *Subsistence farming*- when a person farms food for themselves
   * *Commercial farming*- when a person farms and sells it

1. What type of natural resources does Africa have? (Book pg. 419)
   * Copper, diamonds, gold, manganese, natural gas, oil, phosphate, platinum, uranium

**Day 3: Slavery, Colonization and Apartheid**

1. Explain how European colonization affected tribes/people of Africa?

* Changed governments of tribes, economic problems, people were treated unfairly, slavery

1. What is apartheid? What country in Africa did it affect the most?

* *Apartheid-* complete separation of races
* South Africa was affected the most

**Day 4: Blood Diamonds**

1. *Primary:* getting raw materials (going fishing in a river or ocean)
2. *Secondary:* adding value to materials by changing their form. (Ex: skinning and putting the fish in cans to make ready to eat)
3. *Tertiary:* providing business or professional service (Selling the fish)
4. *Quaternary:* providing information, management and research services (seeing what store fish is selling more at, sales)

**Day 5: Disease in Africa**

1. How is HIV spread from person to person? Can HIV be passed by shaking hands?
   * HIV is spread by contact with blood and other body fluids
   * HIV *cannot* be spread by shaking hands
   * AIDS/HIV there is no cure, treatments are used to stop the growth of the virus
2. Which disease kills more children every year AIDS or Malaria?
   * Malaria caused by an infected mosquito bite
   * Can lead to being paralyzed, brain damage, anemia and death
   * Every 45 seconds a child dies from Malaria
   * Malaria kills more children

**Day 6: African Cultures**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Tribes** | **Massai** | **Pygmies** | **Samburu** |
| List four interesting facts for each tribe that tourists may like |  |  |  |
| Explain problems each tribe has |  |  |  |

**Day 7: Piracy and Genocide in Rwanda**

1. Why has piracy become such a big problem near Somalia off the eastern coast of Africa? Give 2 reasons

* *Ethnocracy*- when a minority group rules the government
* *Genocide*- the destruction of any racial or religious group
* *Instability*- government does not have a defined structure